

4.69 (a) $P(A) = P(A \cap S_1) + P(A \cap S_2)$ (LAW OF TOTAL PROBABILITY)

$$= P(S_1)P(A|S_1) + P(S_2)P(A|S_2)$$

$$= (.7)(.2) + (.3)(.3) = .14 + .09 = \boxed{.23}$$

(b) $P(S_1|A) = \frac{P(S_1)P(A|S_1)}{P(A)}$ (BAYES RULE)

$$= \frac{(.7)(.2)}{.23} \approx \boxed{.609}$$

$$P(S_2|A) = \frac{P(S_2)P(A|S_2)}{P(A)} = \frac{(.3)(.3)}{.23} \approx \boxed{.391}$$

4.70 $P(S_1|A) = \frac{P(S_1)P(A|S_1)}{P(A)} = \frac{P(S_1)P(A|S_1)}{P(A \cap S_1) + P(A \cap S_2) + P(A \cap S_3)}$

$$= \frac{P(S_1)P(A|S_1)}{P(S_1)P(A|S_1) + P(S_2)P(A|S_2) + P(S_3)P(A|S_3)}$$

$$= \frac{(.2)(.2)}{(.2)(.2) + (.5)(.1) + (.3)(.3)} = \frac{.04}{.18} \approx \boxed{.222}$$

$$P(S_2|A) = \frac{P(S_2)P(A|S_2)}{P(A)} = \frac{(.5)(.1)}{.18} \approx \boxed{.278}$$

$$P(S_3|A) = \frac{P(S_3)P(A|S_3)}{P(A)} = \frac{(.3)(.3)}{.18} = \boxed{.5}$$

ADD UP
TO 1

4.71 $P(A) = P(A \cap S_1) + P(A \cap S_2)$

$$= P(S_1)P(A|S_1) + P(S_2)P(A|S_2)$$

$$= (.6)(.3) + (.4)(.5) = .18 + .20 = \boxed{.38}$$

4.72 Let V = EVENT CRIME IS VIOLENT
 R = EVENT CRIME IS REPORTED

GIVEN: $P(V) = .2$, $P(V^c) = .8$

$P(R|V) = .9$, $P(R|V^c) = .7$

(a) $P(R) = P(R \cap V) + P(R \cap V^c)$

$$= P(V)P(R|V) + P(V^c)P(R|V^c)$$

$$= (.2)(.9) + (.8)(.7) = .18 + .56 = \boxed{.74}$$

(b) $P(V|R) = \frac{P(V)P(R|V)}{P(R)} = \frac{(.2)(.9)}{.74} \approx \boxed{.243}$

$P(V^c|R) = 1 - P(V|R) \approx 1 - .243 = \boxed{.757}$

ADD TO 1

(c) SIMPLY BECAUSE MOST CRIME IS NONVIOLENT.

4.73 Let S_1 = Follows instructions , S_2 = DOESN'T FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS ,
 AND D = DEFECTIVE ITEM.

GIVEN: $P(S_1) = .9$ $P(S_2) = .1$

$P(D|S_1) = .01$ $P(D|S_2) = .03$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(D) &= P(D \cap S_1) + P(D \cap S_2) \\
 &= P(S_1)P(D|S_1) + P(S_2)P(D|S_2) \\
 &= (.9)(.01) + (.1)(.03) = .009 + .003 = \boxed{.012}
 \end{aligned}$$

4.74 Let W = Detection of Weapon.

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(A|W) &= \frac{P(A)P(W|A)}{P(W)} = \frac{P(A)P(W|A)}{P(A)P(W|A) + P(B)P(W|B) + P(C)P(W|C)} \\
 &= \frac{(.5)(.9)}{(.5)(.9) + (.3)(.8) + (.2)(.85)} = \frac{.45}{.86} \approx \boxed{.523}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$P(C|W) = \frac{P(C)P(W|C)}{P(W)} = \frac{(.2)(.85)}{.86} = \frac{.17}{.86} \approx \boxed{.198}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{4.75} \quad P(L|BS) &= \frac{P(L)P(BS|L)}{P(BS)} = \frac{P(L)P(BS|L)}{P(R)P(BS|R) + P(L)P(BS|L)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{(.3)(.9)}{(.7)(.2) + (.3)(.9)} = \frac{.27}{.41} \approx \boxed{.659}$$

ADD TO 1

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(b)} \quad P(R|BS) &= \frac{P(R)P(BS|R)}{P(BS)} = \frac{(.7)(.2)}{.41} = \frac{.14}{.41} \approx \boxed{.341}
 \end{aligned}$$

(c) LEFT (more likely)

4.76

Let PDQ = EVENT ATHLETE WAS PREVIOUSLY DISQUALIFIED
 DQ = EVENT ATHLETE WILL BE DISQUALIFIED.

Given: $P(DQ | PDQ^c) = .15$ $P(DQ | PDQ) = .5$

$P(PDQ) = .3$ (so $P(PDQ^c) = .7$)

$$P(DQ) = P(PDQ)P(DQ | PDQ) + P(PDQ^c)P(DQ | PDQ^c)$$

$$= (.3)(.5) + (.7)(.15) = .15 + .105 = \boxed{.255}$$

4.77

$$P(A | H) = \frac{P(A)P(H | A)}{P(H)} \quad (\text{BAYES RULE})$$

$$= \frac{P(A)P(H | A)}{P(A)P(H | A) + P(B)P(H | B) + P(C)P(H | C)}$$

$$= \frac{(.01)(.9)}{(.01)(.9) + (.005)(.95) + (.02)(.75)}$$

$$= \frac{.009}{.02875} \approx \boxed{.313}$$

4.78

Let C = CHEAT , E = ERROR , D = DENY KNOWLEDGE.

Given $P(C) = .05$, $P(E) = .02$, $P(D | C) = .8$

$$P(C | D) = \frac{P(C)P(D | C)}{P(D)} = \frac{P(C)P(D | C)}{P(C)P(D | C) + P(E)P(D | E)}$$

$$= \frac{(.05)(.8)}{(.05)(.8) + (.02)(1)} = \frac{.04}{.06} \approx \boxed{.667}$$

4.79

	P	N
D	.08	.02
D ^c	.05	.85

TYPO IN TEXTBOOK!

$$(a) P(D) = P(D \cap P) + P(D \cap N) = .08 + .02 = \boxed{.1}$$

$$P(D^c) = 1 - P(D) = 1 - .1 = \boxed{.9}$$

$$P(N|D^c) = \frac{P(N \cap D^c)}{P(D^c)} = \frac{.85}{.9} \approx \boxed{.944}$$

$$P(N|D) = \frac{P(N \cap D)}{P(D)} = \frac{.02}{.1} = \boxed{.2}$$

$$(b) P(D|N) = \frac{P(D)P(N|D)}{P(N)} = \frac{(.1)(.2)}{.87} \approx \boxed{.023}$$

$$(c) P(D|N) = \frac{P(D \cap N)}{P(N)} = \frac{.02}{.87} \approx \boxed{.023}$$

$$(d) P(P|D^c) = \frac{P(P \cap D^c)}{P(D^c)} = \frac{.05}{.9} \approx \boxed{.056}$$

$$(e) P(N|D) = \frac{P(N \cap D)}{P(D)} = \frac{.02}{.1} = \boxed{.2}$$

(f) 20% CHANCE
THE TEST MISSES
THE DISEASE!
YES!